



12th Parliamentary Intelligence-Security Forum
Washington, D.C
December 6, 2018



Congress of the United States Washington, DC 20515

Dear Colleague:

On December 6, 2018, I hosted our 12th Parliamentary Intelligence-Security Forum in Washington, DC. Over 300 Members of Parliament and government leaders from 80 countries attended the Forum. Enclosed for your review is the report regarding this security briefing provided by leading experts from the government and private sector. Senators Lindsay Graham and James Lankford addressed the Forum along with the future House Majority Leader Steny Hoyer. Security experts from Treasury, the Intelligence community, Bank of America, Citi, Barclays, SAS, AT&T, SAP and other industry leaders provided critical analysis regarding counter terrorism financing, cybersecurity, information sharing, cryptocurrencies, and predatory foreign investment.

Our mission will continue in 2019 with a 26 member international Steering Committee and current planned Fora in Paraguay, Israel and Togo along with Asia and Europe. Please note the enclosed letters conveying the important outcomes of the Parliamentary Fora. We will continue to build strong collaboration with our partners around the world. Your engagement in this mission is much appreciated.

Sincerely,

Robert Pittenger Member of Congress

Chairman

Parliamentary Intelligence-Security Forum



12th Parliamentary Intelligence-Security Forum



December 6, 2018 • Washington, D.C.

Office of Congressman Robert Pittenger SD-106 Dirksen Senate Office Building 50 Constitution Ave. N.E., Washington, D.C. 20002

8:30 Opening Remarks

- The Honorable Robert Pittenger, Chairman, Parliamentary Intelligence Security Forum
- The Honorable Chris Stewart, Member, House Permanent Select Intelligence Committee
- The Honorable Bill Huizenga, Chairman of the Capital Markets, Securities, and Investment Subcommittee
- The Honorable Jeb Hensarling, Chairman, House Committee on Financial Services
- Mr. Mariano Federici, President, Argentina's Financial Intelligence Unit
- The Honorable James Lankford, Member, United States Senate

9:20 Foreign Investment Risks Panel

- The Honorable Heath Tarbert, Assistant Secretary, U.S. Department of the Treasury
- The Honorable Olivier Cadic, Member, French Senate

10:00 Cybersecurity Panel

Introduction: The Honorable Blaine Luetkemeyer

- Mr. Justin Somaini, Chief Security Officer, SAP
- Mr. J.R. Helmig, Innovation Lead Global Security Intelligence, SAS
- Mr. Jake Norwood, Director of Cyber Intel Center, Citigroup
- Mr. Chris Boyer, Assistant Vice President, AT&T

11:00 Private Sector Counter-Terrorism Efforts Panel 1

- Mr. William Fox, Managing Director of Global Financial Crimes, Bank of America
- Mr. Frederick Reynolds, Global Head of Financial Crimes, Barclays
- Mr. Juan Zarate, Co-Founder and Chairman, Financial Integrity Network

12:00 Lunch

12:30 Luncheon Address

• The Honorable Lindsey Graham, Member, United States Senate

1:00 Special Remarks

- Mr. Scott Rembrandt, Head of U.S. Delegation to FATF
- The Honorable Csaba Hende, Deputy Speaker of the National Assembly, Hungary

1:30 Government Counter Terrorism Efforts Panel

- Ms. Hennie Verbeek-Kusters, Chairwoman, The Egmont Group
- Mr. Jerome Beaumont, Executive Secretary, The Egmont Group
- The Honorable Jamal El-Hindi, Deputy Director, FinCEN, United States Treasury
- The Honorable Steny Hoyer, House Minority Whip

2:15

Privacy and Information Sharing Panel

- Mr. Robert Litt, Former General Counsel, Office of the Director of National Intelligence
- Mr. John Walsh, Chief Executive Officer, Sightspan

2:45

Cryptocurrency Risks and Evaluation Panel

- Mr. David Carlisle, Head of Community, Elliptic
- Mr. Kristofer Doucette, Vice President of Government Affairs, Chainalysis
- Mr. Jonathan Levin, Co-Founder and Chief Operating Officer, Chainalysis

3:25

Private Sector Counter Terrorism Efforts Panel 2

- Mr. John Cassara, Intelligence and Treasury Department Law Enforcement Expert
- Mr. Stuart Jones, Chief Executive Officer, Sigma Ratings
- Ms. Kristin Reif, Director of Government Affairs, Philip Morris International

4:15

Special Remarks

The Honorable French Hill, Majority Whip, House Financial Services Committee

4:30

Special Remarks

• The Honorable Dr. Robert Dussey, Minister of Foreign Affairs, Togo

5:00

Closing Remarks

The Honorable Robert Pittenger, Chairman, Parliamentary Intelligence Security Forum

Summary of Presentations

Opening Remarks

The Honorable Robert Pittenger, Chairman,

Parliamentary Intelligence-Security Forum
Congressman Pittenger welcomed delegates to the 12th
Parliamentary Intelligence-Security Forum. These fora
have been critical to establish trust among allies as we
combat illicit finance. The growth in these fora are a
testament to the need for greater collaboration and
information sharing to stop illicit financing.



The Honorable Fatmir Mediu, *Member of Parliament*, *Albania*

Stressed the need for collaboration and insight from other governments so we can take what we have learned and implement effective policies to combat illicit financing.





The Honorable Chris Stewart, Member, House Permanent Select Intelligence Committee
Emphasized the importance of intelligence sharing regarding illicit finance issues because it's truly a global problem that requires global coordination. Sharing of intelligence helps to assembly key pieces of information that would otherwise go unnoticed.

The Honorable Bill Huizenga, Chairman of the Capital Markets, Securities, and Investment Subcommittee

Discussed the importance of collaboration on illicit finance as it is a threat to our free market system.



The Honorable James Lankford, Member, United States Senate

We must remember that we are protecting individual human lives when addressing the illicit finance issue. Threats are not just to our national borders anymore and close collaboration with our allies on intelligence issues is important. Proper oversight of intelligence gathering is critical to ensure laws are being followed. Just because you can do something does not mean you should do something.

The Honorable Jeb Hensarling, Chairman, House Committee on Financial Services
Predatory foreign investment is a growing threat to our nations. CIFIUS reform legislation which was passed under the leadership of Congressman Pittenger made important reforms to protect our critical infrastructure.



Mr. Mariano Federici, President, Argentina's Financial Intelligence Unit
We must be efficient with our resources when combating illicit finance. Policies that are effective must be implemented worldwide or they will just go to another country. These fora promote global peace and security for all nations.

Foreign Investment Risks Panel

The Honorable Heath Tarbert, Assistant Secretary, U.S. Department of the Treasury Critical technology and Personally Identifiable Information (PII) has been targeted by enemy states and terrorist organizations through predatory foreign investment. Investment security is an international issue and not just a national issue. Stopping technology acquisitions must be consistent among allies because we are only as strong as our weakest link. The U.S. reviews all foreign investment transactions and not just ones that surpass a certain threshold.



The Honorable Olivier Cadic, *Member*, *French Senate*

The European Union has a lot of foreign investment by China and it is critical to vet these investments through a review commission. Cloud data storage and space are other areas needing protection as well. We must reinforce sanctions against foreign actors and also limit their assets.

Cybersecurity Panel

Introduction: The Honorable Blaine Luetkemeyer, *Member*, *U.S. House of Representatives* Data breaches by companies are a serious problem and companies must be held accountable. Currently we have a patchwork of State laws that are not efficient for multi-state companies. National laws are needed to create consistency.

Mr. Justin Somaini, Chief Security Officer, SAP

There have been significant changes over the last 20 years technologically. Where data is stored and used has changed a lot. The transition from mainframes to cloud systems introduces challenges with who has access to the data with centralized systems. It's not just about the data but how the data can be used for harm. Consistency in technology standards is important to ensure the industry and users are more secure. Compromising networks to then launch attacks can occur without proper cyber norms.



Mr. J.R. Helmig, Innovation Lead – Global Security Intelligence, SAS
Insider threats are when someone within your supply chain leaks information intentionally or unintentionally. What do you value in terms of data security? Identify critical assets in your organization and who has access to them. We forget to turn access off to people who no longer need access. Governing access to data is critical, as well as studying the strange behaviors of actors who may be doing harm. Are they printing certain data with regularity or using thumb drives when they should not? Very easy to

automate notifications when someone accesses data so you can track them.

Mr. Jake Norwood, Director of Cyber Intel Center, Citigroup

Intelligence is information that allows us to make decisions and take actions. Cyber threat actors of today belong to something that resembles a corporation not a rogue hacker in their basement. Hackers exploit systems and use the tools built in to their advantage by exploiting the code to make the system do what they want it to do. Citi is most concerned about nation states attacking other nation states which have ancillary effects on corporations not involved resulting in hundreds of millions of dollars in damage. Payment systems like SWIFT can be compromised to transfer illicit funds. There is no cure but there are steps that can be taken. Enemies share information openly with each other. Once a bug is discovered it takes just 48 hours for an enemy to write code and exploit the vulnerability. Most companies cannot patch their systems this quickly. We have obligations to report bad actors when we see them.

Mr. Chris Boyer, Assistant Vice President, AT&T

How do we view security? Our network sees 200 petabytes of data daily. Because they are a large organization and provide network access to good and bad folks, they can see big picture and see deviations from the norm which indicate potential attacks. Networks are more software defined instead of hardware appliances. By distributing access through software, you limit a hacker from freely roaming around a network once they have access so their data access is limited. This creates more resiliency when recovering from an attack. Internet of things (IoT) – all devices are becoming internet connected and can be attacked to create major Denial of Service attacks. We need more security at the device level

to help counter this. International standards are needed to help protect IoT devices. Governments should partner with private industry to collaborate on solutions. From a policy standpoint, a heightened level of international cooperation and cyber norms are needed.

Private Sector Counter-Terrorism Efforts Panel 1

Mr. Juan Zarate, Co-Founder and Chairman, Financial Integrity Network

Illicit finance has moved outside the walls of traditional banks. It's changing but some aspects have remained the same such as the use of cash and moving it manually. Al-Qaeda and ISIS still use manual cash movement across borders as a method of illicit finance. They try to take control of lands to imbed themselves in the economy and control. They have blended with other groups like Hezbollah. Cryptocurrency is not widespread but they are experimenting with it. Terrorists groups blend with other groups which create risk to money laundering. Terrorism is dynamic and not one ideology.

Mr. William Fox, Managing Director of Global Financial Crimes, Bank of America
Financial Intelligence (FinInt) is assembling the pieces together to see the big picture. It's rarely the Rosetta Stone, but helps sharpen the picture. Money doesn't lie, it leaves a footprint and it establishes connections. A terrorist operator behaves like an individual so it's harder to track. A retrospective analysis is usually needed because you review the connections after they have occurred. They can then do a quick analysis – photo at ATM's, tracking funds, etc. What does it look like to build a behavioral model to catch them



before they commit the act? Information sharing must be enhanced between government and private sector bilaterally. Patriot Act allows for this in the US. How do we balance this with privacy concerns with our citizens? Without the information sharing they can't help stop attacks.



Mr. Frederick Reynolds, Global Head of Financial Crimes, Barclays

The UK strategy looks to prevent terrorism not just in detection but solving the underlying problems through a three part strategy: 1. We must pursue those who have radicalized or are becoming radicalized (pro-active) 2. Protect the UK through banks and law enforcement to neutralize before it happens 3. Prepare for when an attack does occur. What you see over time is a move to small scale terrorism. How do we adapt our focus from larger groups to smaller people or groups that are inspired

by the larger groups? JMLIT is the UK information sharing model. Active engagement with law enforcement and private sector literally in the same room to enhance collaboration. It does not cost a lot to stop an attack using this model. Smaller actors are self-financing through fraud, loans, personal finances which are not typically being tracked by the government. JMLIT has all the major banks, government and law enforcement in its model. When a JMLIT request is made – it's going to cover 93% of the market which helps with rapid response. JMLIT is a proactive rather than a reactive model that has resulted in hundreds of success stories. Proactive aspects: real ability to respond to real time

emergent threats to get answers in minutes or hours. This allows for analysis of payment activity and full financial analysis of potential threats when investigating. Sharing information between banks can be helpful too because if someone is running the same small business across multiple banks, that is very concerning. The government can cross analyze the data from multiple banks to see the threat better than individual banks.

Luncheon Address

The Honorable Lindsey Graham, Member, United States Senate

What's missing in America are the systems to counter cybersecurity threats. We always win in a conventional war. Protecting institutions of democracy are needed because you can influence an election by putting into the debate false information. Russia did this with our elections. Social media can be hijacked by bad actors.



Special Remarks



Mr. Scott Rembrandt, *Head of U.S. Delegation to FATF*Virtual currencies are posing increased risks to money laundering. Most countries do not regulate virtual currencies.
FATF requires dealers to be registered and how to regulate record keeping and how FATF standards will apply. Countering WMD financing requires strong implementation of UN Security Council resolutions.



The Honorable Csaba Hende, *Deputy Speaker of the National Assembly, Hungary*

Increased collaboration between government and the private sector is needed with illicit finance issues to coordinate efforts. Information sharing is key to identifying these criminals.

Government Counter Terrorism Efforts Panel



Ms. Hennie Verbeek-Kusters, Chairwoman, The Egmont Group

Groups like ISIL had a defined area of control. Landscape has changed with lots of smaller funding actors. An emerging challenge is the growing nexus between organized crime and terrorist groups and hiding the funds in normal looking structures such as small businesses.

Mr. Jerome Beaumont, Executive Secretary, The Egmont Group

The Egmont Group is a global technical organization composed of over 150 financial intelligence units. Edgmont Group focuses on anti-terrorism and anti-money laundering. They forcus on the networks of the groups that actually carry out the attacks.

The Honorable Jamal El-Hindi, Deputy Director, FinCEN, United States Treasury

Need for review of laws related to virtual currencies. Decentralized convertible virtual currencies are a concern for Treasury which can be used to commit a variety of crimes. There are over 100 registered virtual currency exchanges in the US, and cross-training is needed with other FIU's with allies. Nations need to think about the detailed work and policy this work requires and the budgets needed to implement policies.

The Honorable Steny Hoyer, Member, House of Representatives

Spoke about need for education on this issue and proper funding. Time is of the essence as we tackle this issue that crosses all disciplines and industries.

Privacy and Information Sharing Panel



Mr. Robert Litt, Former General Counsel, Office of the Director of National Intelligence
Sharing of intelligence between nations is critical to prevent terrorist attacks. A set of norms among nations is needed to standardize responses to threats. Outside foreign intent to affect elections in democracies is a new threat. The US has no fundamental right to privacy like many other nations have. Each nation must balance the privacy issue with intelligence gathering. The Cloud Act allows the US to collaborate with foreign governments on intelligence gathering. Critical point to protect privacy: Law – collecting and sharing

must be balanced with privacy. Oversight – independent bodies to oversee intelligence gathering. Technology – work with private companies to ensure data is transferred lawfully.

Mr. John Walsh, *Chief Executive Officer*, *Sightspan* We need to make policies on the human level and teach people not to give information they don't need to give. Emphasize the protection of your information and take ownership. Examine the behavioral patterns of humans to help detect illegal actions.



Cryptocurrency Risks and Evaluation Panel



Mr. David Carlisle, Head of Community, Elliptic

Engagement with policymakers and other stakeholders is needed regarding crypto currency issues.

Mr. Kristofer Doucette, Vice President of Government Affairs, Chainalysis

Since it is very easy to use cryptocurrency with no regulations or oversight, we need an international framework on regulating the cryptocurrencies.

Mr. Jonathan Levin, Co-Founder and Chief Operating Officer, Chainalysis

Decentralized crypocurrencies are becoming a greater threat. Funding is needed for law enforcement to follow and prosecute these actors.

Private Sector Counter Terrorism Efforts Panel 2



Mr. John Cassara, Intelligence and Treasury Department Law Enforcement Expert

The Bank Secrecy Act was about financial transparency. This Act was one of the most important laws to combat money laundering at the time, but it's not effective anymore. About \$4 trillion annually is dirty money, and trade-based money laundering is the most widespread. Tax evasion is money laundering in progress and your odds of getting caught are pretty low. Compliance costs the US \$8 billion per year.

We need to recognize that trade-based money laundering is the biggest problem and to develop cross-bank transaction analysis to find patterns getting back to the basics of law enforcement. Transparency in shell corporations is also needed.

Mr. Stuart Jones, Chief Executive Officer, Sigma Ratings

These ratings assess countries on financial risks country by country and industry by industry by utilizing public information on transparency measures to combat illicit finance.

Ms. Kristin Reif, *Director of Government Affairs, Philip Morris International*UK has a "leaf to life" process to intercept tobacco illicit trade. Use of research and intelligence from PMI and other companies can be used to take actions. Private industry can provide training and intelligence.

Special Remarks



The Honorable French Hill, *Majority Whip, House Financial Services Committee*

The Forum is important as we work together to solve these issues as it helps to build trust with intelligence sharing. Trade-based money laundering is where the real money is. Buying illegal goods is part of this – such as knock off copies of goods or digital media. Oil sales by ISIS in northern Iraq is another example of illicit finance which must be stopped.

The Honorable Aaron Oquaye, Speaker of Parliament, Ghana

Ghana needs help to address the cyber crimes in their country. Also, they cannot fund these operations because they are competing against cheap goods from other nations and they cannot develop their own industries which provide a tax base for government services.





Congressman Pittenger greets Madeline Moon, MP from the United Kingdom



Congressman Pittenger greets delegates as they arrive at the Forum.



U.S. Senator Lindsey Graham addresses the Forum during lunch.



Congressman Pittenger greets the delegation from Hong Kong.



Congressman Pittenger greets Mariano Federici and Jerome Beaumont.



Congressman Pittenger greets Sonia Krimi, MP from France.



Congressman Pittenger greets the Austrian Delegation.



Congressman Pittenger greets delegates to the Forum.



The Steering Committee

Members meet for breakfast.

Forum Reception







12th Parliamentary Intelligence Security Forum Attendees

ALBANIA

Anastas Angjeli, Member of Parliament, Albania Ilir Beqaj, Member of Parliament, Albania Floreta Faber, Ambassador to the United States, Albania Fatmir Mediu, Member of Parliament, Albania Astrit Veliaj, Member of Parliament, Albania

ALGERIA

Nawel Noureddine, Attache, Algeria

ARGENTINA

Christian Hotton, Congressional Activities, Argentina Agustin Pesce, Second Vice President, Banco de la Nacion Argentina, Argentina Marcos Stancannelli, Head of Political Affairs, Argentina

AUSTRIA

Christian Brunmayr, Deputy Chief of Mission, Austria Roman Haider, Member of Parliament, Austria Andreas Karlsboek, Member of Parliament, Austria Sabrina Lojnik, Personal Assistant, MP Amon, Austria Wolfgang Waldner, Ambassador to the United States, Austria

AZERBAIJAN

Aykhan Hajizada, Congressional Liaison, Azerbaijan Farid Huseynov, State Security Service, Azerbaijan Inji Sadigova, Congressional Liaison, Azerbaijan Elin Suleymanov, Ambassador to the United States, Azerbaijan

BAHRAIN

Abdulla Rashed Al Khalifa, Ambassador to the United States, Bahrain

BELARUS

Ivan Korzh, Deputy Chairperson, Commission on International Affairs, Belarus Pavel Shidlovsky, Chief of Mission, Belarus

BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

Emin Cohodarevic, Counselor, Bosnia and Herzegovina

BRUNEI

Serbili Ali, Ambassador to the United States, Brunei

BULGARIA

Ivan Anchev, Consul General, Chicago, Bulgaria
Valentin Kasabov, Member of Parliament, Bulgaria
Dimitar Lazarov, Chairman, Committee of the Security Services, Bulgaria
Tihomir Stoytchev, Ambassador to the United States, Bulgaria
Sofiya Tsvetkova, Head of International Affairs, GERB, Bulgaria

BURKINA FASO

Aime Barthelemy Simpore, Defense Attache, Burkina Faso Herve Konate, Member of Parliament, Burkina Faso Karamoko Jean Marie Traore, Director of Parliamentary Cooperation, Burkina Faso

CAMEROON

Etoundi Essomba, Ambassador to the United States, Cameroon

CANADA

Nada Semaan, Director & CEO, FINTRAC, Canada

CHILE

Alfonso Silva, Ambassador to the United States, Chile

CROATIA

Lara Romano, Deputy Chief of Mission, Croatia

CZECH REPUBLIC

Cyril Bumbalek, Deputy Head of Mission, Ramallah, Czech Republic Petr Komrska, Counselor, Czech Republic Tereza Vorlova, Third Secretary, Czech Republic

DJIBOUTI

Elmi Mahabe Waiss, Member of Parliament, Djibouti Mohamed Siad Douale, Ambassador to the United States, Djibouti

EGYPT

Ahmed Helmy, Counsular, Egypt
Tamim Khallaf, Counsular, Egypt
Dalia Youssef, Member of Parliament, Egypt

EL SALVADOR

Werner Romero, Deputy Chief of Mission, El Salvador

ESTONIA

Marko Mihkelson, Member of Parliament, Estonia

EUROPEAN UNION

Natalia Grecova, European Parliament Advisor, European Union Laurentiu Constantin Rebega, Member of European Parliament, European Union Stoyan Staikov, Member of European Parliament, European Union

FRANCE

Lucie Castets, International Department Manager, TRACFIN, France Maxine Gayraud, Advisor, French National Assembly, France Sonia Krimi, Member of French National Assembly, France Francois Magnaud, Policy Officer, TRACFIN, France Thomas Vilmer, Alten Group, France

GEORGIA

David Bakradze, Ambassador to the United States, Georgia **Marika Laliashvili**, Senior Politcal Counselor, Embassy, Georgia

GERMANY

Michael Baumann, BND Washington Representative, Germany
Andreas Frank, Advisor, Council of Europe for the Anti-Money Laundering Directive, Germany
Juergen Kaltenstadler, Counselor, Germany
Boris Ruge, Deputy Chief of Mission, Germany
Andreas Schwarz, Member of Parliament, Germany

GHANA

Seth Kwame Acheampong, Chairman, Committee on Defence and Interior, Ghana Kan Dapaah, Minister of National Security, Ghana Ebenezer Ahuma Djietror, Principal Assistant Clerk, Ghana Alberta Boatema Oquaye, Speaker of Parliament, Spouse, Ghana Ernest Boadi Twum, Speaker's Special Assistant, Ghana

GREECE

Pothiti Pappas, Counselor, Greece

HONG KONG

Holden Chow, Member of Legislative Council, Hong Kong

HUNGARY

Magor Ernyei, Congressional Liaison and Policy Officer, Hungary Beatrix Kese, Deputy Director, Parliament, Hungary Laszlo Szabo, Ambassador to the United States, Hungary

INDONESIA

Muhammad Al Aula, First Secretary, Indonesia Budi Bowoleksono, Ambassador to the United States, Indonesia Dave Akbarsyah Laksono, Member of Parliament, Indonesia

IRELAND

Brian Cahalane, Immigration and Political Advisor, Ireland

ISRAEL

Omer Bar-Lev, Member of Parliament, Israel Laura Shalmaev, Congressional Affairs, Israel

ITALY

Suria Hissami, Talent Management Leader, Fair Play Consulting, Italy

JAPAN

Masayuki Matsui, Economic Counsellor, Japan Monique Roth, Global Financial Crimes Liaison, MUFG, Japan

JORDAN

Ahmed Habashneh, Advisor, Jordan

KAZAKHSTAN

Rymgali Abykayev, First Secretary, Kazakhstan Erzhan Kazykhanov, Ambassador to the United States, Kazakhstan

KENYA

Caroline Ojode, First Counselor, Kenya

KYRGYZ REPUBLIC

Anvar Anrbaen, Counselor, Kyrgyz Republic

LATVIA

Martins Bondars, Member of Parliament, Latvia Arnis Lagzdins, Senior Compliance Adviser, Financial and Capital Market Commission, Latvia Danils Pavluts, Member of Parliament, Latvia Laila Timrota, Advisor, Latvia

LITHUANIA

Emanuelis Zingeris, Member of Parliament, Lithuania

MACEDONIA

Katerina Bojoska, First Secretary, Macedonia Artan Grubi, Chairman of European Affairs Committee, Macedonia

MADAGASCAR

Andriatsitohaina Jaona, Counselor, Madagascar

MALAWI

Edward Sawerengera, Ambassador to the United States, Malawi

MALAYSIA

Brig. Gen. Saadon Hasnan, Defence Attache, Malaysia Nadhirah Zanudin, First Secretary Political, Malaysia

MALI

Alpha Konate, Advisor, Mali

MALTA

Keith Azzopardi, Ambassador to the United States, Malta

MAURITANIA

Mohamedoun Daddah, Ambassador to the United States, Mauritania

MONGOLIA

Bold Bat-Ochir, Deputy Chief of Mission, Mongolia

MONTENEGRO

Nebojsa Kaludjerovic, Ambassador to the United States, Montenegro

NETHERLANDS

Peter Slort, Counselor for Justice and Security, Netherlands

NIGER

Amadou Diallo, Defense Attache, Niger

NORWAY

Liv Signe Navarsete, Member of Standing Committee on Foreign Affairs and Defence, Norway

PANAMA

Carmen Mora, Political Counselor, Panama

PARAGUAY

Richard Gomez Caballero, Chief executive officer of the Cabinet, Paraguay German Rojas, Ambassador to the United States, Paraguay Arnaldo Samaniego Gonzalez, Member of Parliament, Paraguay Victor Verdun, Minister, Paraguay

PHILIPPINES

Bayani Agabin, Undersecretary of Finance, Philippines Patrick Chuasoto, Charge d'Affaires, Philippines Patricia Santos, Attache, Philippines

POLAND

Lukasz Czekierda, Second Secretary, Poland Michael Polakow, Deputy Head of Polish Delegation, NATO, Poland

PORTUGAL

Raul Maia Oliveira, Parliamentary Advisor, Portugal

QATAR

Abdulla Al-Mohannadi, Congressional Affairs, Qatar

ROMANIA

Valentin Budau, Political Counselor, Romania Ina Gabriela Filote, Parliamentarian Counselor, Romania Stefana Rotaru, Minister-Counselor, Romania

RWANDA

Frank Kayijuka, First Counselor, Rwanda

SERBIA

Dr. Zoran Dragisic, Vice Dean, Faculty of Security Studies, University of Belgrade, Serbia **Derd Matkovic**, Ambassador to the United States, Serbia **Dr. Darko Trifunovic**, Director, Center for National and International Security, University of Belgrade, Serbia

SINGAPORE

Desmond Lim, First Secretary, Singapore

SLOVAK REPUBLIC

Lenka Turaz, Head of Political Section, Slovak Republic

SLOVENIA

Zan Mahnic, VP, Commission for Supervision of Intelligence and Security, Slovenia

SOUTH AFRICA

Colonel Em Mabalane, Defense Attache, South Africa

SPAIN

Arturo Relanzon, Counsellor, Spain

SUDAN

Assad Ahmad, First Secretary, Sudan Mohamed Gamal, Sudan National Center for Counter Terrorism, Sudan Alhadi Adam Hamid, Member of Parliament, Sudan

SWITZERLAND

Dr. Simon Geissbuhler, Minister and Deputy Chief of Mission, Switzerland

TAJIKISTAN

Farhod Salim, Ambassador to the United States, Tajikistan

THAILAND

Virachai Plasai, Ambassador to the United States, Thailand Vorapun Srivoranart, Minister Counselor, Thailand

UGANDA

Rebecca Kadaga, Speaker of Parliament, Uganda

UNITED KINGDOM

Amelia Ayesh-Meagher, Nuclear & Strategic Deterrent and Threat Reduction, United Kingdom Lord Archibald Hamilton, Joint Committee on National Security Strategy, United Kingdom Kevin Morley, Counter Terror & Security Capability Lead, United Kingdom John Spellar, Member of Parliament, United Kingdom

UNITED STATES

Ken Barun, Executive Vice President, Billy Graham Evangelistic Association, United States Hugo Bonilla, Intern, House Financial Services Committee, United States Giovanna Cinelli, Lead, International Trade and National Security, Morgan, Lewis & Bockius LLP, United States

Benjamin Davis, International Relations Officer, SIL International, United States

Mac Dunaway, Partner, Dunaway & Cross, United States

Aykan Erdemir, Senior Fellow, FDD, United States

James Gaither, Central Intelligence Agency, United States

Gabrielle Haddad, COO, Sigma Ratings, United States

Brad Harmon, Assistant Director of Information Security, Samaritan's Purse, United States

Paula Henderson, VP, U.S. Government Division, SAS, United States

Ryo Ishihara, Government Affairs, Mizuho Group, United States

EJ Kimball, President, EJK Strategies, United States

James Lewis, Senior Vice Presdient, CSIS, United States

Bill Maupin, Vice President of Information Technology, Samaritan's Purse, United States

Ivan Miletic, Director of External Affairs, Phillip Morris International, United States

Joe Pinder, Professional, United States

Eric Rizzo, Director of Government Affairs, Mizuho Group, United States

Stephen Schneider, Director International Affairs, AIPAC, United States

Gregory Smith, Assistant Director of Policy and Government Affairs, AIPAC, United States

Harry Tchira, Personal, United States

Craig Timm, Managing Director AML, Bank of America, United States

Boris Zilberman, Deputy Director of Congressional Relations, Foundation for the Defense of Democracy, United States

UZBEKISTAN

Javlon Vakhabov, Ambassador to the United States, Uzbekistan